

Oh They're All A-Sweating, A-Sweat, Sweat, Sweating, They're All A-Sweating on the Road to Turner Falls

HOME EDITION

DAILY ARDMOREITE

A RICH AND RESPONSIVE TERRITORY

HOME EDITION

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Metropolis of Northeastern Oklahoma Awakens From Day and Night of Nightmare Dreams; Governor Will Order Thorough Probing By a Special Grand Jury

French Garrison on Polish Front Attacked by 3,000 Huns; Enemy is Repulse

Germans Rush the Troops of Occupation; Dispersed When Counter Charge is Made. SITUATION REPORTED AS SERIOUSLY GRAVE

KAISERLITES HAVE MINED TOWN OF GLEIWITZ; WOMEN DON MALE ATTIRE, BUCKLE ON GUNS AND GO TO FRONT.

Oppeln, Silesia, June 2.—General Leond, head of the allied commission for upper Silesia, has been recalled, it is unofficially reported here.

French soldiers forming the garrison of Beuthen, a city in southeastern Silesia near the old Polish frontier, have been attacked by forces organized by the German inhabitants of the town. Reports state that the Germans in fighting numbered 3,000.

The situation at Beuthen is complicated by the presence of Polish insurgents forces around the city. The Poles began a fight with Germans in the outskirts of the town on Sunday, and when the French were attacked, reports from Beuthen are not entirely clear, but it would appear that the French commander refused the proffered aid, as it is said the French are holding the poles from entering the town.

The attack by the Germans on the French is said to have been well controlled. Telephone and telegraph communication between the French headquarters and barracks were cut, sentries were driven back and the headquarters surrounded.

All wire communication between Beuthen and Katowitz, farther south, has been interrupted since Sunday. Refugees arriving here say the French at Katowitz have killed a number of Poles who attempted to loot two motor lorries loaded with food, and it is declared there were some French casualties.

Women began volunteering last night for service at the front. A number of women, wearing men's clothing, are driving wagons and automobiles, some of them carrying army revolvers in their belts.

English Speaking Peoples Should Be the Ones to End All Warfare

Charlottesville, Va., June 2.—The English speaking people of the world should be banded together in leadership of all the nations until the wars, recognized as futile and unnecessary, are done away with forever. Sir Auckland Geddes, the British ambassador said in an address here today, at centennial exercises of the University of Virginia.

DEMPSEY'S HUNCH IS THAT HE FEELS SURE OF VICTORY

Atlantic City, N. J., June 2.—Jack Dempsey today began to show indications of cracking under the spell of his enforced four days of idleness.

The heavyweight champion is becoming more fretful because of the inactivity at his camp and is eager to resume his conditioning grind on Saturday, which will be continued without further interruption until he finishes training for the defense of his title against Georges Carpentier, at Jersey City, July 2.

BISHOP THURSTON WILL TALK LAYMEN'S MEET FRIDAY NIGHT

Bishop and Mrs. Thurston of Oklahoma City, will be special guests at the regular monthly dinner session of the Laymen's club which will be held at 6 o'clock tomorrow evening at Hotel Ardmore.

Aviators Deliver Daily Ardmoreites to "Road Workers" Turner Falls

Aviators Arthur Oakley and Dorsey Askew are flying over the region of the Turner Falls road where civic road builders are at work to distribute copies of the afternoon edition of The Ardmoreite. They left their aviation field on the north side of the city as soon as a stack of today's edition was rushed to them.

BLISTERED HANDS TO TELL STORY OF ROAD WORK TODAY

Approximately 100 citizens were hard at work today repairing the Turner Falls road under the auspices of the Good Roads Committee of the Chamber of Commerce.

The workers left Ardmore at about 7 o'clock in a score of automobiles. They expect to complete the work by Friday afternoon. A number of them are expected to remain in the vicinity of the work over tonight.

MARTIAL LAW IS STILL IN CONTROL AS RIOTING STOPS BUT ALL IS QUIET

Tulsa, Okla., June 2.—Outwardly, Tulsa resumed its normal atmosphere today except for the presence under a martial law proclamation of 500 Oklahoma national guardsmen, sent here yesterday after 12 hours of rioting between negroes and white men.

Quiet Holds in Tulsa After Hour of Indescribable Horror; Military Controls Situation; Train Service Resumed

THE DISGRACE OF TULSA

(FROM TULSA WORLD.)

Proud, matchless Tulsa comes before the bar of Christian civilization this day, and with head bowed, the mantle of shame upon her cheek, and, we sincerely hope, with deep regret in her heart, asks that she be pardoned the great offense some of her citizens committed during Tuesday night and Wednesday morning.

There is not a man worthy of the name whose heart is not afire with indignation against that which has been done. Members of a superior race, boastful of the fact, permitted themselves to degenerate into murderers and vandals; permitted themselves to deal their home community the foulest blow it has ever received in its history.

Tulsa boasted that she was not Ardmore. And now a negligible number of men have plunged the reputation of the fair city into the depth of infamy. Language is incapable of painting the wrong which has been committed against the community and its peaceful, law-abiding citizens, or of expressing the indignity one inevitably feels towards men incapable of controlling their passions and their prejudices.

It is true that the pride of race as well as its prejudices is a consuming fire in the veins of every nationality. On this ground one would like, if it were at all possible, to condone or excuse the hysteria of Tuesday evening and night, when the streets of the city were suddenly transformed into a raging torrent of hate-impelled men. The imprudence of the negroes in arming themselves and visiting the county jail permits something to be said for those who responded to the riot impulse and set out to satiate the blood lust or racial pride.

But nothing that the mind is capable of conceiving permits a word of defense or excuse for the murderous vandalism which set in at daylight the next morning. Hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of property—the homes of women and children, black in color, to be sure, but guilty of no other offense—went up in smoke. Semi-organized bands of white men systematically applied the torch while others shot on sight men of color.

The colored section of the city was wiped out, and a long line of hopeless, destitute, pitiful refugees fled northward from the burning town. The German invasion of Belgium with its awful consequences was no more unjustified or characterized with any greater cruelty. In the conflagration a splendid new church but recently erected and one of the handsome educational edifices of the school district was lost. To such property the vandals applied the torch to make sure of their terrible purpose.

The entire "race war" was as unjustified as it was unnecessary. Because of it Tulsa is blazoned as a community where tolerance does not exist, where the constitution of the United States can be enforced or suspended at will; where prejudice and race bigotry rules, and where law and order haltingly flees the knee to outlawry. Ten thousand citizens have been rendered homeless and made exiles on the face of the earth.

Will Tulsa accept such a reputation willingly? Will this city tolerate such injustice—accept meekly the sudden ending to its dream of primacy and glory? If not, then the substantial, constructive citizenship must immediately get into it. There is but one way in which Tulsa can rehabilitate itself either in its own eyes or the eyes of the outside world. That is by rebuilding that which has been destroyed.

Vandalism has taken the homes and the savings of thousands of people. Tulsa must restore that which has been taken. The sins of a comparative few are thus visited upon the whole community. But it is a cross that must be shouldered willingly and heroically. This restitution, not because of affectionate regard for the colored man, but because of an honorable and intense regard for the white race whose boast of superiority must now be justified by concrete acts.

Not else can the wounds of passion be healed or the scars of intolerant hatred be soothed. In this moment men of Tulsa stand at the crossroads in the city's destiny. One way leads to a greater and more glorious future; the other certain leads to retrogression and decay. There must not, there can not, be any hesitating.

MARTIAL LAW IS STILL IN CONTROL AS RIOTING STOPS BUT ALL IS QUIET

Tulsa, Okla., June 2.—Outwardly, Tulsa resumed its normal atmosphere today except for the presence under a martial law proclamation of 500 Oklahoma national guardsmen, sent here yesterday after 12 hours of rioting between negroes and white men, including incendiarism in which virtually the entire negro district was destroyed with a loss of \$1,500,000.

Shortly before 10 o'clock, Adjutant General Barrett announced that the number of state troops here would be reduced today to 250, with the lifting of martial law, depending on the apparent ability of city and county authorities to cope with the situation.

As the situation rapidly quieted down today, the estimate of killed and wounded dwindled. Nine white men dead had been identified today and fifteen dead negroes were accounted for.

Basis for estimates that still ranged as high as 40 negroes dead was the possibility of an unknown number of bodies having been incinerated when the torch was applied to the negro residence district.

Casual search of the quarter failed to disclose additional bodies or bones today, but a thorough search by the guardmen was on for later in the day.

Business houses in Tulsa opened as usual today, and the customary crowds were on the streets.

From 5:20 o'clock, negroes began coming from their hiding places and riding or walking to their employment. Some wore white handkerchiefs around their arms, others were tagged with white ribbon badges, on which was printed, "Police Protection," but many went along unmoled without any marking of indifference.

ARDMORE FIRST MONDAY TRADES DAY

Will begin Monday, June 6, with every member of the Ardmore Retail Merchants' Association offering a special bargain for the day.

Look out for the advertising. Make your arrangements to be in Ardmore each First Monday.

PRISONERS ESCAPE FROM CHAIN GANG

Two prisoners escaped this morning from the city chain gang at work at the west end of the Stanley Boulevard, according to a report received by Chief of Police W. R. Hightight just before noon.

WEATHER

Oklahoma: Tonight and Friday unsettled, probably showers, cooler to night in northwest portion.

NATIONAL GUARDSMEN PATROL STREETS WITH LITTLE FEAR OF FURTHER TROUBLE; NO NEGROES ON TRAINS.

SCENES YESTERDAY BEYOND DESCRIPTION

SEEKING MASSES OF HUMANITY EBBED AND FLOWED WHILE THE AMBULANCES PLUNGED THROUGH CITY'S STREETS

(By the Associated Press)

Tulsa, Okla., June 2.—Dawn this morning found Tulsa quiet after a previous night and day of race rioting which claimed the lives of eight white men and upwards of 100 negroes, according to official estimates and wiped out the entire negro district, entailing a loss of at least half a million dollars.

The city and county were under martial law by proclamation of Governor Robertson with Adjutant General C. F. Barrett in command. As a result the streets were deserted and few people were to be seen on the streets under orders which prevent the appearance of any one except on permission. All business houses and places of congregation were closed except those permitted to remain open, including drug stores and other essential businesses.

The national guardsmen patrolled the streets, but they had little to do other than walk their beats. One call came to headquarters during the night. A mysterious call said that negroes were congregating at the edge of the negro belt, on "Little Africa" as it is known, but a hasty examination failed to reveal any negroes in sight.

Meanwhile 5,000 negroes are being cared for at refugee camps, where they are under strict guard. A check of hospitals revealed scores wounded some of them in a serious condition, while hundreds of others are reported to have received wounds in a minor nature. A military committee is examining the case of the interned negroes and it is expected that many of them will be released soon, as provision can be made for taking care of them in other quarters.

The situation presented in a serious one as their homes have been wiped out entirely by the flames that swept the negro district clean.

Attention was turned today to extending relief to the stricken, and subscriptions to relief funds were being received. Meetings were planned for today to map out a comprehensive plan of relief.

Adjutant General Barrett stated that the situation was well in hand and no further trouble was expected. Strict guard will be retained, however, as precaution against any further outbreak, and the troops may be kept here for some time.

Main street, which, yesterday morning was a seething mass of armed automobiles answering calls to get the wounded was more like a deserted village street this morning and last night. Only casual automobiles were to be seen and only few pedestrians were out. Scarcely ever have the streets of the city been so quiet as was the case last night and this morning.

Trains coming into Tulsa last night brought no negroes and the number of white passengers were reduced sharply. On the train arriving here from Muskogee at 1:30 a. m. it was said that three coaches generally were crowded and that the entire negro section usually is filled to capacity. This morning no negro passengers alighted and there were fewer than a score of white passengers.

The negro porter was not permitted to make his usual run and a white brakeman substituted for him.

Officials hope to clear up just what led to the first shooting Tuesday night. A newspaper man who was at the court house at the time, said about 25 white men gathered on the south side of the building. Three of the leaders entered the court room, he said, on the top floor of which Dick Rowland, a negro, was being held for an alleged attack upon a white girl in an elevator of a downtown hotel. Most of the white men were not armed, according to the newspaper man.

Sheriff McCullough met the three men who entered the building and warned them away, with the declaration that the negro would be protected at any cost. The prisoner was in a cell at the top of a winding stairway, which could

(Continued on Page Two)